tourism projects taken up by State Governments out of their own resources .

(b) No, Sir.

भारत के आन्तरिक मामलों में पाकिस्तानी हस्तक्षेप का विरोध

238. **डा० रत्नाकर पाण्डेय :**
श्री वी० नारायणसामी :
श्री महेन्द्र सिंह लाठर :

क्या **विदेश** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या भारत सरकार ने पाकिस्तान से हाल ही में भारत के आन्तरिक मामलों में उसके द्वारा हस्तक्षेप किए जाने और विशेष रूप से राम जन्म भूमि-बाबरी मस्जिद विवाद के संबंध में कोई विरोध प्रकट किया है ; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है ?

विदेश मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री एडुआर्डो फलेरियो) : (क) जी हां।

(ख) अयोध्या की स्थिति के बारे में पाकिस्तान के विदेश कार्यालय ने 2 नवम्बर, 1991 को जो विज्ञप्ति जारी की थी उसके बारे में सरकार ने क्षोभ और गहरी चिन्ता से पाकिस्तान की सरकार को अवगत करा दिया गया था । हमारे आन्तरिक मामलों में हस्तक्षेप करने के इस प्रकार के प्रयास शिमला समझौते तथा अन्तर-राज्यीय आचरण के सार्वभौम रूप से स्वीकृत मानदण्डों का उल्लंघन है और यह हमें स्वीकार्य नहीं है ।

239. KUMARI CHANDRIKA PREMJI KENIA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) what steps Government are * contemplating to revitalise the. Jute sector; and

(b) whether there is also a proposal under Government's consideration for setting up of a National Central for Jute Diversification, if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI ASHOK GEHLOT): (a) Government have taken several measures for the revival of jute industry in-eluding creation of Jute Modsrnisa-tion Fund to cater to the jute industry, establishment of Special Jute-Development Fund for restructuring the jute economy, enactment of mandatory use of jute packing for foodgrains, sugar, cement and urea; grant of financial support for R&D activities and product diversificaton pro-gramme, regular purchase of B. T. will bags on cost plus . basis, encouragement of diversification by providing facilities of excise exemption concessional import duty, marketing support etc.

(b) National Jute Centre is planned to be set up at Calcutta and the Regional Centre at NOIDA near Delhi. These Centres will evolve a frame work to import a new thrust to the diversification programme in the jut_e sector. The Centre would assist in the transfer of technology from. R&D institutions to entrepre-neures, organise entrepreneurial development programmes provide linkages between entreprenures and other agencies; interact with R&D institutions manufacturing firms and end use industries to create awareness regarding diversified jute goods conduct market surveys, publicity and promotional campaigns in the leading consumer centres etc.

Development of Hilly Resort in Dang: District as a Tourist Spot

240 KUMARI CHANDRIKA PREMJI KENIA: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) whether the hilly resort in the Dang District of Gujarat has been developed as a tourist spot;

(b) whether it is also a fact that a fully automatic ropeway with a capacity to carry 400 passengers per hour from each end is being put to use as one of the attractions for this tourist resort; and

(c) what facilities are being offered to the tourist so that the place may come on the tourist map of India?

THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI MADHAV RAO SCINDIA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) It is understood from the State Government that a private organisation has set up this facility.

(c) Requisite facilities, like hotels, parks, swimming pool, boat club and a snake park. etc. have been provided.

Profits) losses incurred by Coal India Limjted

241. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE: SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI:

Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether Coal India Limited has been in the red, if so, the profits/ losses incurred by it during the years 1988-89, 1989-90, 1990-91 and what is the likely turn over for 1991-92;

(b) whether it has huge arrears of dues still to be recovered from different electricity boards,, in the beginning of 1991-92, if so; what steps have since been taken to recover the same and the actual recovery made till September, 1991; and 3

(c) what is the extent to which the cash and carry scheme adopted by it has helped to corns out of the red?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COAL *iSKBl* S. B. NYAMAGOUDA): Ca) The loss or profit incurred by Coal India Limited during the years 1989-90 are as under-

1988-89	(—) Rs. 23.26 crores (loss)
	(+) Rs. 80.13 crores (profit)
1990-91	
1991-92 likely turn over	The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

(b) and (c) There have been outstandings from the Electricity Boards at the beginning of 1991-92. Cash and Carry Scheme is being enforced from 1-10-1991 for realising the current dues from Electricity Boards|Power Houses.

Procurement of aircraft by Air India

242. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:

SHRI BEKAL UTSAHI:

Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) whether Air India has been negotiating with the Boeing group for procurement of aircraft for renewal and augmentation of its fleet; and

(b) if so, the results thereof; indicating the number, nature (model) and capacity of aircraft to be procured including the cost thereof?

THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI MADHAV RAO SCINDIA): (a) and (b) Air India has signed a purchase agreement for acquisition of four Boeing 747-400 aircraft (448 seater) at a cost of Rs. 1962.03 crores with a foreign exchange component of -US Dollars 667*JQ9* million with deliveries due in 1993 and 1994.